

An Update on Observation Processing

Wk 27/ASM 2017

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~~An Update on Observation Processing~~
15 minutes on converting data from
one format to another!
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Outline

- Oulan vs Bator
- COPE
- SAPP
- BUFR TEMP
 - Another impact study

Oulan vs Bator



Motivation

- CY40 Bator processes many conventional BUFR types
- Do we still need Oulan?
- Can we use one tool to create ODBs?
- MF and WMO BUFR treated well in 40T1
- What about HIRLAM NMS and ECMWF BUFR?
 - Create a “database” of param.cfg files for users
 - Add functionality to Bator to treat these BUFR data

Bator tests

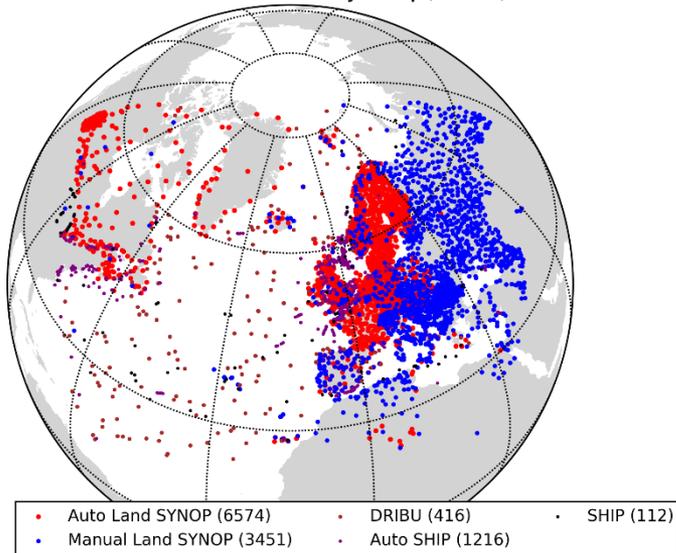
- odb/tools/Guessparamcfg.F90 tool available:
GUESSPARAMCFG -i <bufr_file> -n <bufr number>
- ECMWF MARS, MetCoOp, KNMI and METIE BUFR tested
 - Sample data for 2016121212 tested
 - Oulan and Bator used to generate ECMA ODBs
- Some code changes required:
 - Time checking – some BUFR templates do not use seconds
 - “Old” ECMWF templates catered for
- CY43 TEMP code back-ported
 - Thinning
 - Drift information
 - More on this later ...



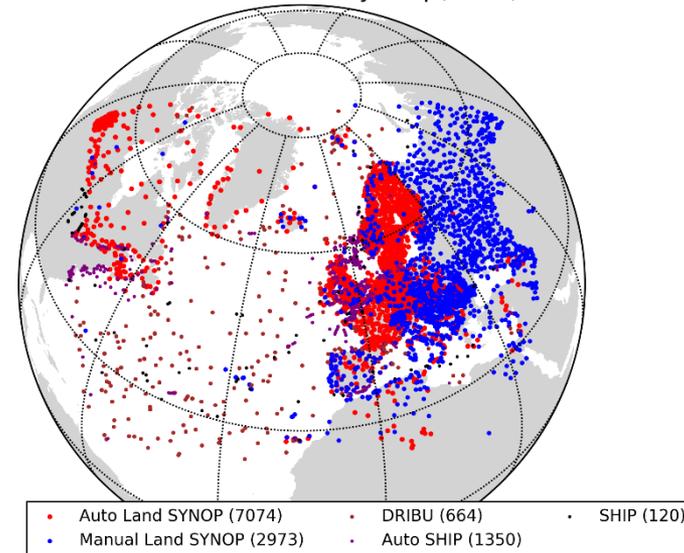
Subroutine	BUFR template
Synop_8	307005, 307007
Temptac	309007
Tempstac	309196
Pilottac	301001
Buoytac	308003

Comparison - Surface

Surface data availability: mcp(oulan)



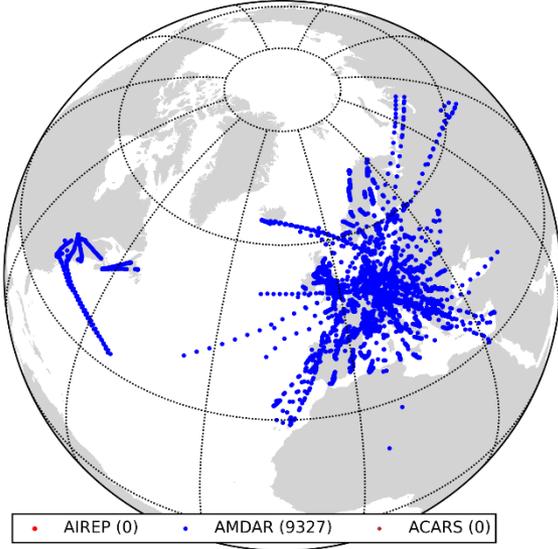
Surface data availability: mcp(bator)



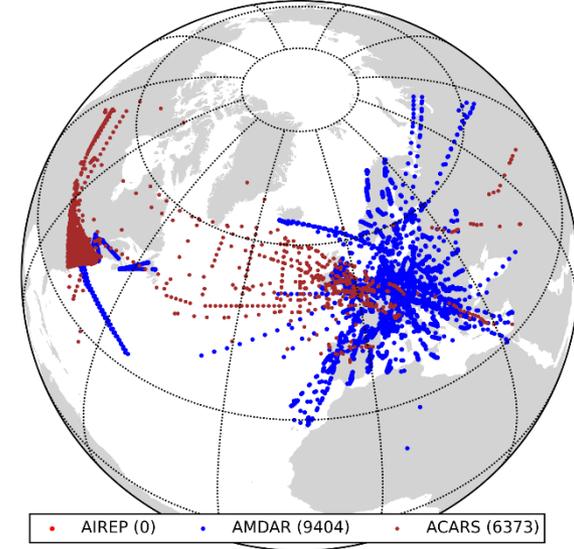
- No general differences
- More Auto SHIP processed by Bator

Comparison - Aircraft

Aircraft data availability: mcp(oulan)



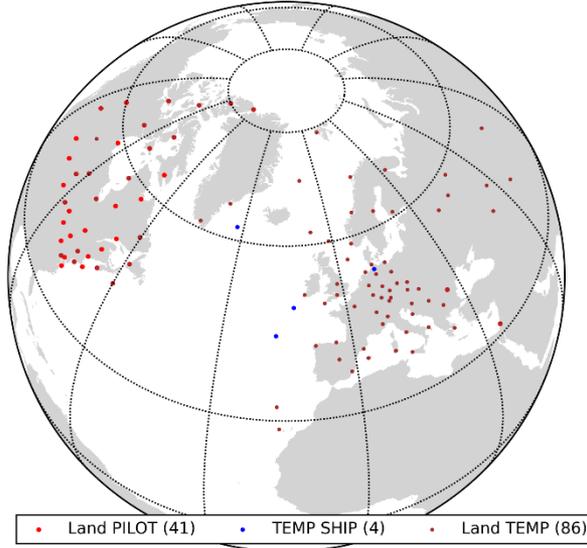
Aircraft data availability: mcp(bator)



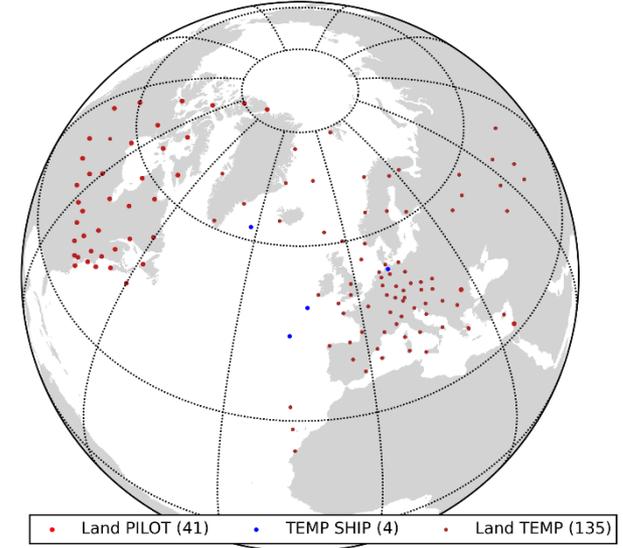
- No ACARS from Oulan

Comparison – Upper-air

UpperAir data availability: mcp(oulan)



UpperAir data availability: mcp(bator)



- Extra TEMP processed by Bator

COPE



COPE: Continuous Observation Processing Environment



COPE in the AHNS: Status

- Still working as prototype in cy40h1 branch
- ODB conversion less of an issue (ODB-API & ECML)
 - Limited testing and not well understood (by me!)
- **“Don’t bother!”** – ECMWF
 - IFS reading of obs will be more flexible (ifsobs)
- HDF5 (radar) developments have started
 - Dedicated b2o HDF5 branch (not yet pushed)
 - Plan to plug this in to COPE
- COPE has also been tested by ALADIN
 - Mohamed Anis Satouri & Alena Trojakova
- SAPP implementation to be considered

SAPP



GTS data processing and management

- Locally developed software
 - F77, BUFRDC
 - Inflexible and steep learning curve for new developers
 - Has not kept pace with ECMWF/WMO BUFR changes
- Is there a better alternative?
 - Modern
 - Flexible
 - Fits well with AHNS data assimilation software
- ...

Scalable Acquisition and Pre-Processing (SAPP)

- Scalable: Implemented on a linux cluster
 - by adding new compute nodes the system is able to process more incoming observations.
- Continuous processing of observations optimised to provide short delay from acquisition to data assimilation system.
- Provides full monitoring of data flow and tracing of the data in all the processing stages.
- Designed to be configured from a web interface (django)
- Developed in python and mysql
- ecCodes has been developed to support the system in decoding GTS headers, BUFR and GRIB

SAPP software

- **Open source**

- Mysql
- Python
 - Django (web interface)
 - Supervisor (services administration)
- gcc, gfortran (at the moment pgi fortran is used)
- VMware to run the virtual machine

- **ECMWF software**

- Python scripts (acq_scanner, proc_dispatcher, ...)
- preproc (deqc and converter, fortran programs)
- ecCodes
- BUFRDC
- Bufr_toolbox
- ecflow

GTS data processing and management

-
- Is there a better alternative?
- SAPP VM provided by ECMWF for testing/evaluation
- Working in less than half a day
- SAPP Workshop held in Dublin, March 2017
- ECMWF do not have the staff resources to support an export version
- Agenda item for *WG1: Recent upper-air DA issues*

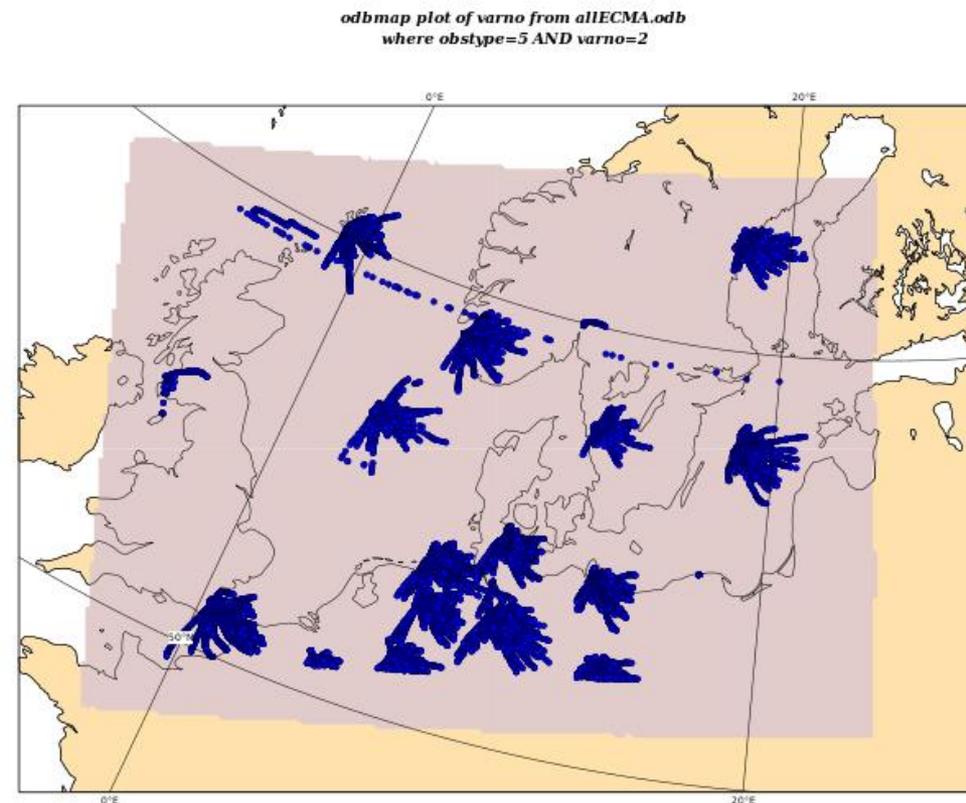
BUFR TEMP, again

WMO migration from TAC to BUFR

- Traditional Alphanumeric Codes → BUFR
- Information on radiosonde displacement in space and time available in BUFR TEMP GTS messages
- Increase in number of levels reported (~5000)
- Can we make use of this extra information?
 - more accurate location and number of observations
 - more accurate time information for RUC/4DVAR

Impact study: 2016 results and conclusions

- Initial results: underwhelming
- Cleaner comparisons needed
 - Switch off blending
 - More careful selection of obs
- Crude thinning of data
 - Investigate MF approach
- Bator instead of Oulan

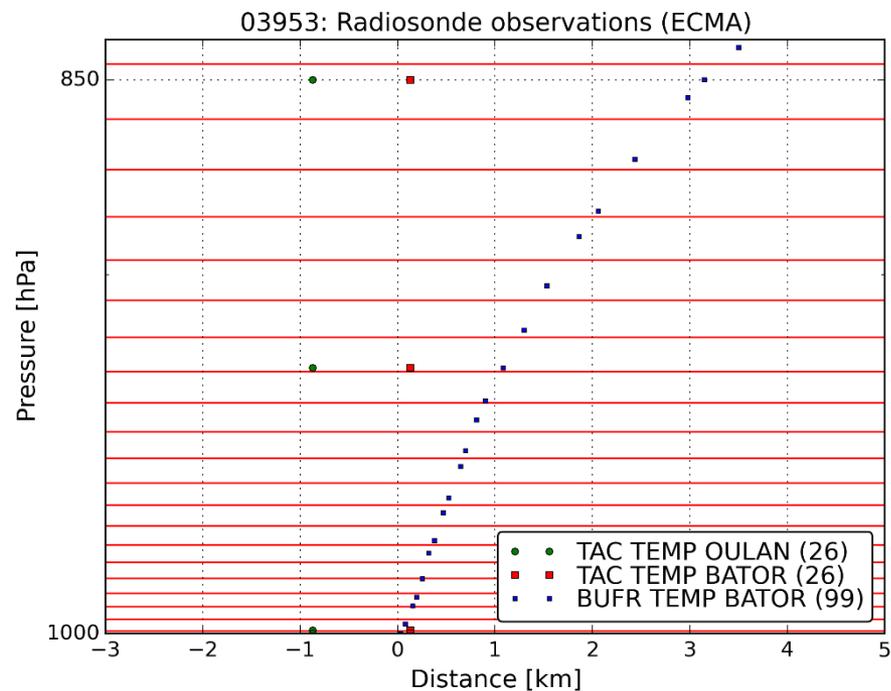
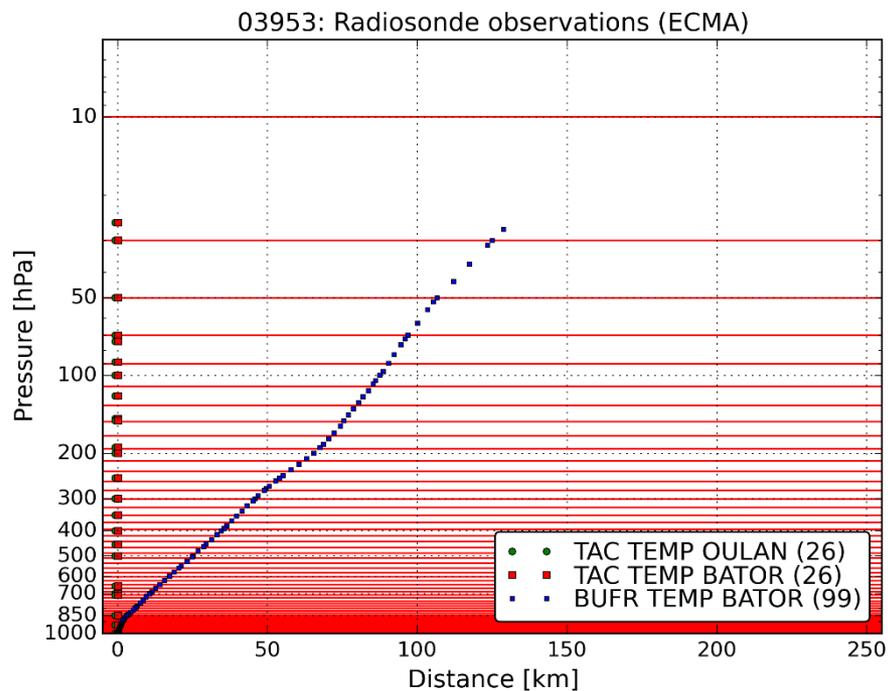


Bator updates

- Radiosonde updates backported from CY43
- New options available for testing:
 - TempSondOrTraj ! true = sondage vertical, false = trajectoire
 - ElimTemp0 ! suppression des TEMP sans delta lat/lon/time
 - NFREQVERT_TPHR ! Thinning factor
- Test these new options for the same period

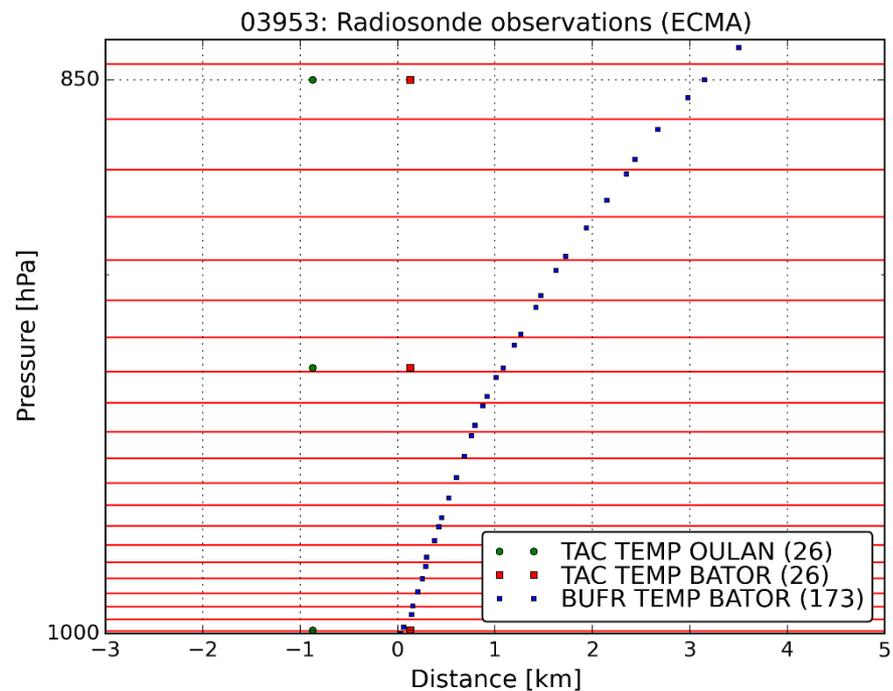
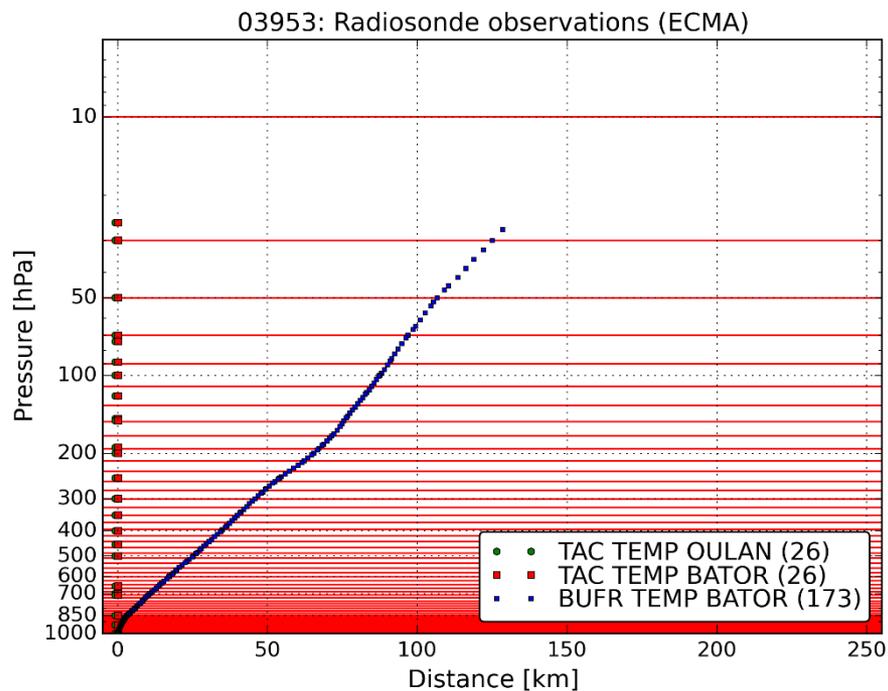
Bator options

- `NFREQVERT_TPHR=100`



Bator options

- NFREQVERT_TPHR=200



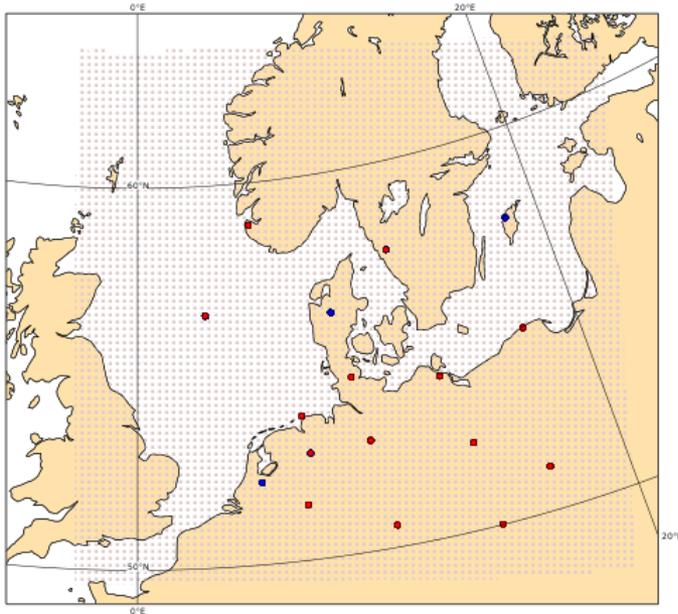
Impact study

- trunk 15795+ (nearly harmonie-40h1.2)
 - DFLT: 3DVAR, no blending, conventional obs, TAC TEMP
 - S100/S200: DFLT but use BUFR TEMP, SondOrTraj=.T., NFERQVERT_TPHR=100/200
 - S100/S200: DFLT but use BUFR TEMP, SondOrTraj=.F., NFERQVERT_TPHR=100/200
- 3-hour cycle, 48 hour forecast at 00z and 12z
- MARS (AI) observations used
- LISTE_LOC used to control use of TEMP/BUFR TEMP
- LISTE_NOIRE used to blacklist one problem sonde
- Danish DKA domain
- December 1st 2015 – December 13th 2015
 - 10 day “warm-up”

Observations

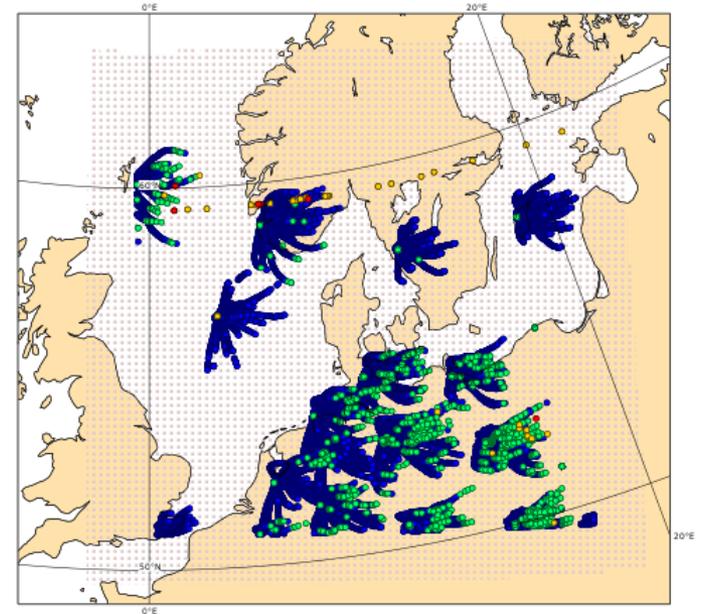
TAC (codetype=35)

odbmap plot of datum_status from 40h1t100/ECMA_40h1t100.odb
odb select: 'varno=2 and obstype=5 and codetype=35'



BUFR (codetype=109)

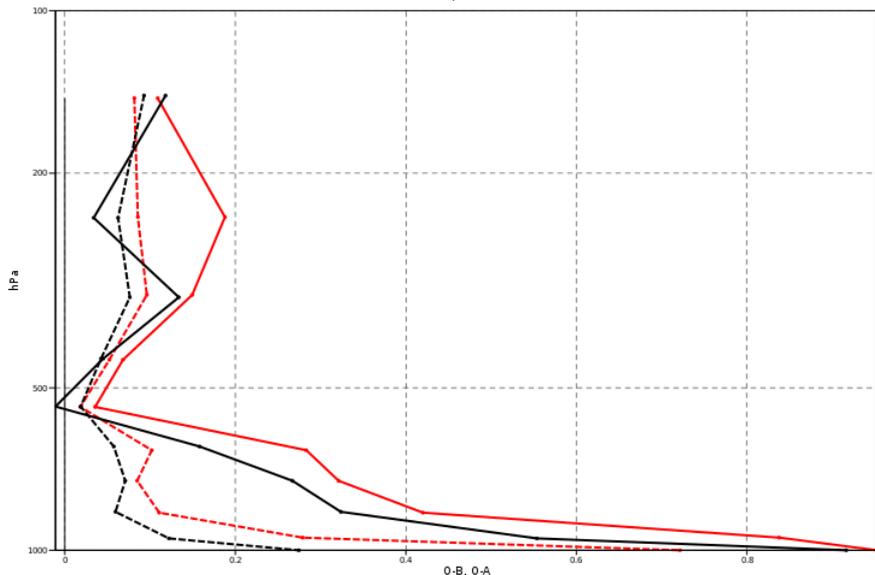
odbmap plot of datum_status from 40h1t100/ECMA_40h1t100.odb
odb select: 'varno=2 and obstype=5 and codetype=109'



- Active
- Blacklisted
- Rejected
- Rejected + blacklisted

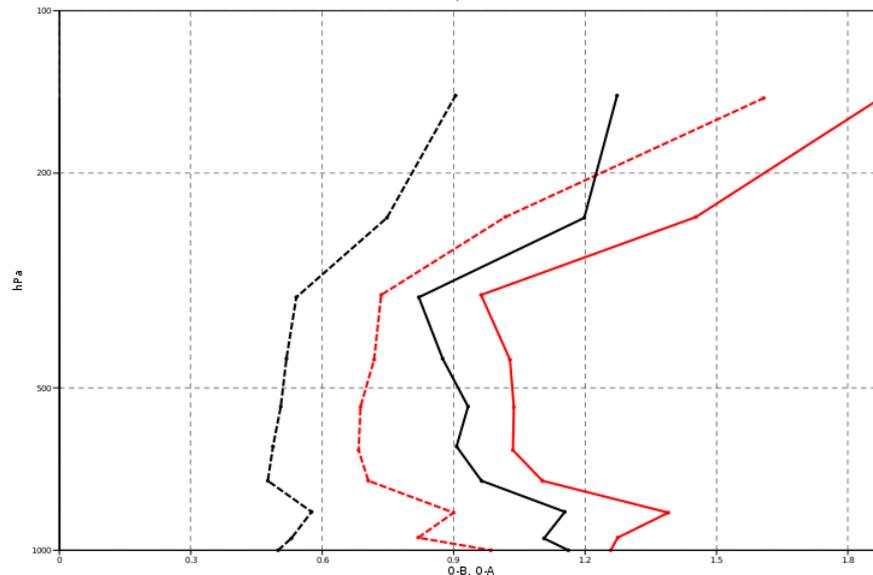
Impact: O-B, O-A statistics

O-B(Solid) O-A(Dashed) var=t
DFLT: RED, T100: BLACK



BIAS

O-B(Solid) O-A(Dashed) var=t
DFLT: RED, T100: BLACK

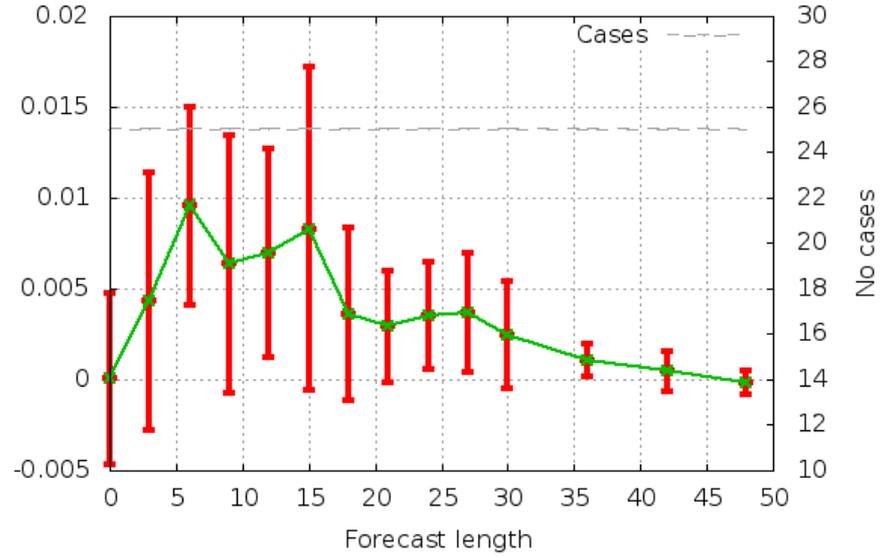
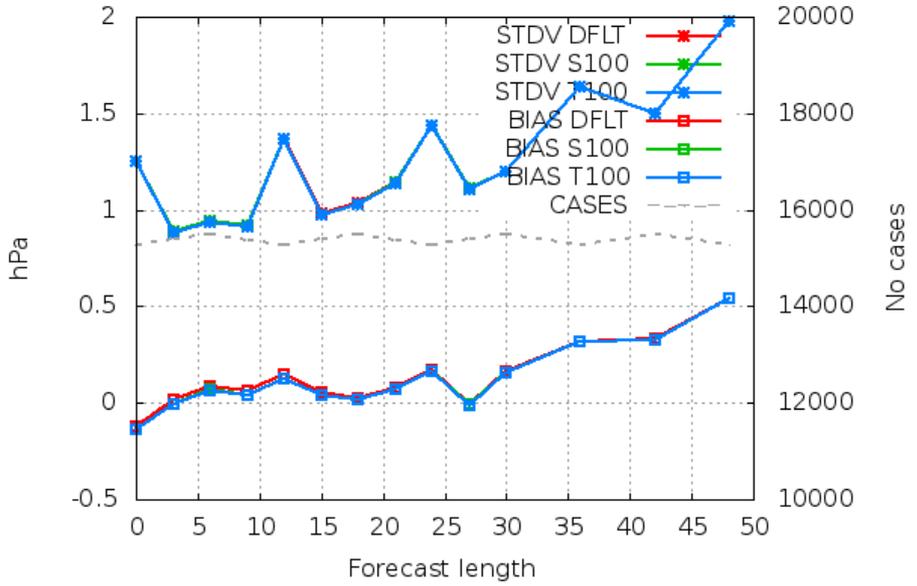


STDEV

Impact: Point verification at the surface

Selection: ALL using 630 stations
 Mslp Period: 20151201-20151213
 Hours: {00,12}

Normalized mean RMSE diff (90% conf) DFLT - T100
 Selection: ALL using 630 stations
 Period: 20151201-20151213
 Mslp Hours: {00,12}



Conclusions

- Bator is a usable alternative
- COPE will need to be re-evaluated in the context of future IFS observations reading changes
- BUFR TEMP observations can have a positive impact on forecasts