DESTINATION EARTH

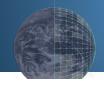
The On-Demand Extremes workflow in Destination Earth

Ulf Andrae & Xiaohua Yang With the **On-Demand Extremes WP5 Team and** contributions from other in project WP's

4th ACCORD All Staff Workshop 15-19 April, Norrkoping and hybrid



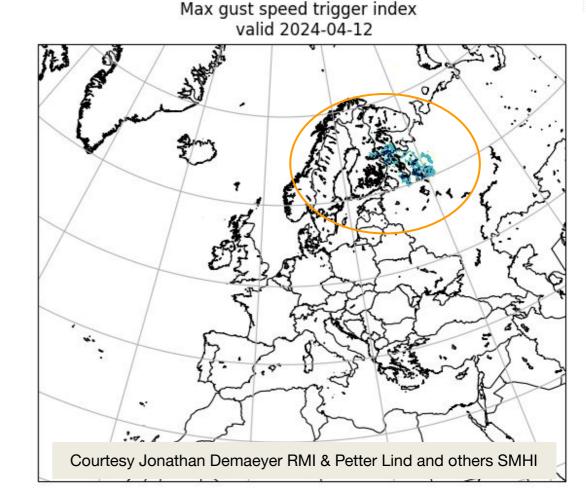




The project mission

 Detect an incoming extreme event. We produce daily maps of detected high impact events which could be related to (currently) strong wind, precipitation or strong convective activity

To the right we see the trigger index for 10m maximum wind gust. The index is a combination of an extreme value combined with the probability as represented by IFSENS



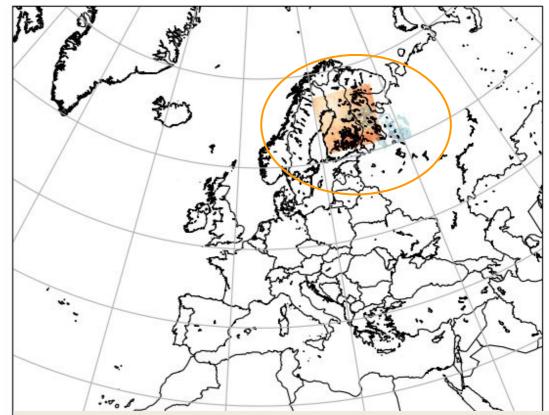




The project mission

- Detect an incoming extreme event. We produce daily maps of detected high impact events which could be related to (currently) strong wind, precipitation or strong convective activity
- 2) Automatically find the most appropriate domains and issue a forecast

The triggering algorithm will locate the domain at the max value given some search radius for the N highest values Max gust speed trigger index and selected domain valid 2024-04-12



Courtesy Paulo Medeiros SMHI



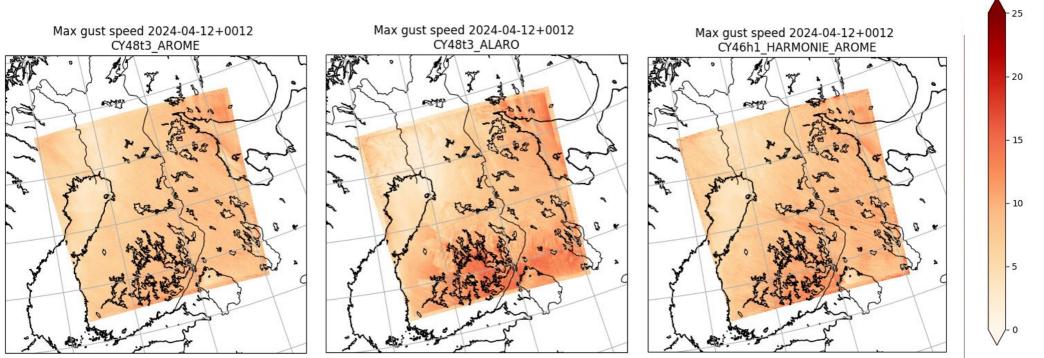




The project mission

The choice of CSC will depend on the geographical area, but the capability is all inclusive

Example domain is 1500x1500x90 points with dx=500m, dt=20s, linear grid using the global 4.4km DT as initial conditions and LBC

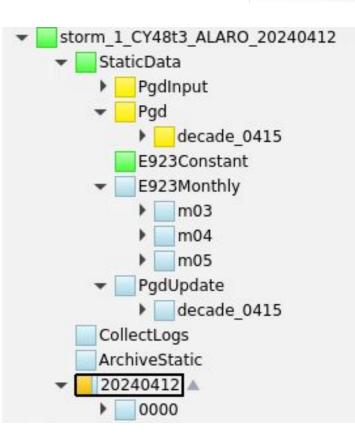


How do we configure our runs?

Domain generation is in the time critical path => requires a different approach for e.g. ECOCLIMAP SG. Cost reduced from hours to minutes

The procedure respects the "usual way" of doing things e.g.

- Spectral smoothing by truncation for AROME
- ALARO runs without surfex but uses fields from PGD
- HARMONIE-AROME filters with LSPSMORO=T





How do we configure our runs?

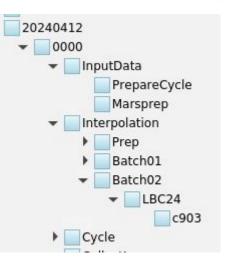
- The lateral boundaries comes from the global 4.4km DT. But there is support for running with HRES, IFSENS or any of the ECMWF RD experiments available for the project such as the 2.8km global runs. Close collaboration with ECMWF!
- Fullpos (c903) is used for the boundary interpolation
- Prep is used to initialize the SURFEX state
- The suite can be run in either cold start or cycled mode

boundaries]
<pre>bd_has_surfex = false</pre>
bdcycle = "PT24H"
bdint = "PT1H"
bdmodel = "IFS"
bdshift = "PT0H"
bdtasks_per_batch = 24
humi_gp = false
ifs.selection = "ATOS_DT"
ifs.bdmember = ""

[ATOS_DT]

default = "RD_DEFAULT"
expver = "i4ql"
start_date = "2023-09-09T00:00:00Z"

[ATOS_DT.stream] 00 = "OPER"





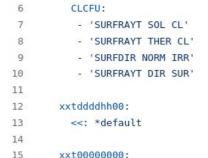


How do we configure our runs?

The output is streamlined for various targeted applications

- Baseline forecast variables with special cases for hydrology, air quality models, renewables, ...
- Output frequency from minutes to hours
- Writing GRIB2, ccsds packing, directly from fullpos (not yet SURFEX)
- All I/O done using the IO-server

		/namelist_generation_input/@CYCLE@/fullpos" der", "master_selection", "sol_selection <mark>"</mark>]
[general.output_settings]	l	
<pre>fullpos = "PT15M"</pre>	1	# Do the selection of fields below.
history = "PT1H"	2	<pre># Note that xxt00000000 inherits from xxtddddhhmm</pre>
nrazts = "PT1H"	3	selection:
	4	xxtddddhhmm: &default
surfex = "PT1H"	5	NAMEPPHY:
	6	CLCFU:



<<: *default

16





How do we configure our runs?

Post-mortem tasks

- Produce harp friendly sqlite files directly from the GRIB2 output
- Produce GRIB2 files for SURFEX using the new WMO approved templates
- Archive data on ecfs (atos) or fdb (lumi/atos)
- Once the data is in fdb other mechanisms take over and make the data available to users on the data lake

```
parameter_list = "@DEODE_HOME@/deode/data/sqlite/param_list_@CSC@.json"
selection = "PT1H"
sqlite_model_name = "@CASE@"
sqlite_path = "@ARCHIVE_ROOT@/sqlite/"
sqlite_template = "FCTABLE/{MODEL}/{YYYY}/{MM}/FCTABLE_{PP}_{YYYY}{MM}_{HH}.sqlite"
station_list = "@DEODE_HOME@/deode/data/sqlite/station_list_default.csv"
```

Eccodes releases supporting our work

- 2.33 : tile support
- 2.34 : Sub-hourly steps
- 2.35 : Introduce some missing variables
- All GRIB2 output WMO compliant!







Current capabilities and limitations

- ECMWF atos@Bologna successfully used as development platform. (eats SBU's for breakfast ...)
- The machine aimed for our main runs, LUMI, still challenges us in many ways (software stack, crashes, queues, uptime, ...) although ALARO runs on mixed CPU/GPU
- Runtime for the whole suite is still too long. Optimisation required (single precisions, GPU, ...)
- No assimilation nor EPS functionality included (parts will come in phase II)







IAL version and settings currently used

AROME (CY48T3)

- 3 patch multilayer soil scheme, ECOCLIMAP SG
- Dynamics settings for improved stability

ALARO (CY48T3)

• Surface characteristics updated with PGD info

HARMONIE-AROME (CY46h1)

- 2 patch multilayer soil scheme, ECOCLIMAP SG
- Scale aware shallow convection
- Diffusion settings to fit dx=500m

Misc improvements of CY48t3

- Fixes for parallel execution of PREP/PGD
- Fixes for ECMWF input to PREP
- Ccsds packing and subhourly grib encoding
- Add mean wind and mean radiant temperature

Misc improvements in CY6h1

- Introduce Wind farm parameterisation
- Scale aware shallow convection
- Faster PGD/PREP



How have we achieved this?

- The developed runtime environment, the "Deode-Prototype", allows to run all CSCs under the same umbrella
- It's built to work as the operational and development platform within the project, and also with the ACCORD needs in mind
- It's been co-developed by a wide group of developers from within the ACCORD family

README ANT license A := O GITHUB O GITHUB PAGES C Linting Checks O Unit Tests **DEODE Scripting System** About The DEODE Scripting System provides a deode python package that runs the Destination Earth on Demand Extremes system. See the project's documentation page for more information. System Requirements Prepare your environment on the HPC machines Start by putting the \$HOME/.local/bin directory in your PATH: ٢Ö export PATH="\$HOME/.local/bin:\$PATH" We highly recommend you to also put the statement listed above in your shell configuration file, so you don't need to do this the next time you log in. Then, run: On Atos (hpc-login) ſŪ module load python3/3.10.10-01 module load ecflow





The Deode-Prototype in short

- Python based using toml/yaml/json for configuration
- Poetry dependency handling
- Enforced linting and unit testing. Currently 85% code coverage
- Built to be portable, future will tell...
- Separation of tasks and scheduler (ecflow). Allows us to test single tasks stand alone

- Json-schema validation which provides configuration documentation for free
- Namelist handling by yaml files or user provided static namelists (for easier development)
- Command line functionalities like

```
deode start suite [--config-file file]
deode run -task TASKNAME [...]
deode show namelist [...] -n forecast
deode show config [...] archiving.ecfs
```







The strength of working tight together...

Ģ	uandrae commented last week	Author ···		
	With the latest changes based on tests and advice from @ovignes we now have the following numbers for a 1 domain.	500x1500x90		
	• Current: 24 nodes, 3058 MPI ranks, 14 I/O-tasks, 1 OpenMP thread. Takes 1184s for a 3h forecast			
	• Ref: 20 nodes, 2548 MPI ranks, 12 I/O-tasks, 1 OpenMP thread. Takes 1766s for a 3h forecast			
	New: 20 nodes, 624 MPI ranks, 16 I/O-tasks, 4 OpenMP threds. Takes 988s for a 3h forecast			
1	kastelecn commented last week • edited 👻	Author ····		
	CY48t3			
	1500x1500x90 3h forecast:			
	AROME: from 2948s to 1748s	221		
	ALARO: from 2814 to 1390s. It looks like ALARO forecast does't work with current develop settings for large dom	iain, there are		
	some OMP error, so I ran it with:			

CECMWF



What's next?

- Phase I ends last of April, next phase starts in 1st of May ...
- Full focus on the implementation on LUMI (and later Leonardo) aiming for a daily production and demonstration for e.g. Paris olympics
- Integration of the downstream impact models/applications in the common workflow
- Moving to single code base, CY49T2?, for all CSCs
- Complete some of the tasks that may not be 100% in place at the end of April...







Conclusion and outlook

- We've built a workflow that enables us to run on-demand forecasts on the hectometric scale
- A lot of work remains, both technically and scientifically, to bring the full value
- The runtime environment, the "Deode-Prototype", is a good starting point for a common ACCORD system. A large part thanks to the wide engagement

Thanks for the attention!

